

Sample Space Tree Diagrams

ANSWERS



Section A Dice Probability

1) Two fair dice are thrown and the scores are **ADDED** together.

- Complete the sample space diagram
- How many outcomes are there? **36**
- What is the probability of getting a score of '5'? $\frac{4}{36} = \frac{1}{9}$
- What is the probability of getting a score greater than '9'? $\frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$
- What is the probability of getting a score less than '7'? $\frac{15}{36} = \frac{5}{12}$

| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|--|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

2) Two fair dice are thrown and the scores are **MULTIPLIED** together.

- Complete the sample space diagram
- How many outcomes are there? **36**
- What is the probability of getting a score of '6'? $\frac{4}{36} = \frac{1}{9}$
- What is the probability of getting a score greater than '16'? $\frac{10}{36} = \frac{5}{18}$
- What is the probability of getting a score less than '4'? $\frac{5}{36}$

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|--|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 |
| | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 |
| | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 |
| | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 |

3) A six-faced dice and a four-faced dice are thrown. The first score is **SUBTRACTED FROM** the second score.

- Complete the sample space diagram
- How many outcomes are there? **24**
- What is the probability of getting a negative score? $\frac{14}{24} = \frac{7}{12}$
- What is the probability of getting a score ≥ 0 ? $\frac{10}{24} = \frac{5}{12}$

| | First Score | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | | | | | | |
| Second Score | | 0 | -1 | -2 | -3 | -4 | -5 |
| | | 1 | 0 | -1 | -2 | -3 | -4 |
| | | 2 | 1 | 0 | -1 | -2 | -3 |
| | | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | -1 | -2 |

Sample Space Tree Diagrams

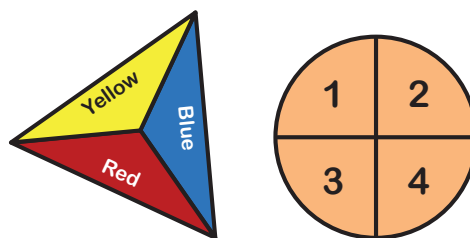
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Section B

1) Jamie has two fair spinners.

One has three equal sections colored red, blue and yellow. The other has four equal sections numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4. Jamie spins both spinners.



Complete the sample space diagram.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Color | B | B | B | B | Y | Y | Y | Y | R | R | R | R |
| Number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

2) A fair dice and a coin are thrown together.

a. Draw a sample space diagram to represent the possible outcomes.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| H | H1 | H2 | H3 | H4 | H5 | H6 |
| T | T1 | T2 | T3 | T4 | T5 | T6 |

b. What is the probability of getting an even number and a tails?

$$\frac{3}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$$

3) A game is played using the counters inside two bags.

Bag 1 contains a green, purple and an orange counter.

Bag 2 contains 3 counters with the numbers 4, 5 and 6 on them.

a. Draw a sample space diagram to show all the possible outcomes when one counter is taken from each bag.

| | | | |
|----------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Green | Purple | Orange |
| 4 | G4 | P4 | O4 |
| 5 | G5 | P5 | O5 |
| 6 | G6 | P6 | O6 |

b. What is probability of someone picking a green counter and the number 4?

$$\frac{1}{9}$$

c. Find the probability of taking an orange counter and a number greater than 4.

$$\frac{2}{9}$$